

Yashil

IQTISODIYOT

va

TARAQQIYOT

Ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, siyosiy, ilmiy, ommabop jurnal

2
0
2
4



No 8

- 08.00.01 Iqtisodiyot nazariyasi
- 08.00.02 Makroiqtisodiyot
- 08.00.03 Sanoat iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.04 Qishloq xo'jaligi iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.05 Xizmat ko'rsatish tarmoqlari iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.06 Ekonometrika va statistika
- 08.00.07 Moliya, pul muomalasi va kredit
- 08.00.08 Buxgalteriya hisobi, iqtisodiy tahlil va audit
- 08.00.09 Jahon iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.10 Demografiya. Mehnat iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.11 Marketing
- 08.00.12 Mintaqaviy iqtisodiyot
- 08.00.13 Menejment
- 08.00.14 Iqtisodiyotda axborot tizimlari va texnologiyalari
- 08.00.15 Tadbirkorlik va kichik biznes iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.16 Raqamli iqtisodiyot va xalqaro raqamli integratsiya
- 08.00.17 Turizm va mehmonxona faoliyati



74-91 xalqaro daraja
ISSN: 2992-8982



Yashil

IQTISODIYOT va TARAQQIYOT

Ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, siyosiy, ilmiy, ommabop jurnal

Bosh muharrir:
Sharipov Kongiratbay Avezimbetovich

*Elektron nashr. 549 sahifa.
E'lon qilishga 2024-yil 7-avgustda ruxsat etildi.*

Bosh muharrir o'rinbosari:
Karimov Norboy G'aniyevich

Muharrir:
Qurbonov Sherzod Ismatillayevich

Tahrir hay'ati:

Salimov Oqil Umrzoqovich, O'zbekiston Fanlar akademiyasi akademigi
Abduraxmanov Kalandar Xodjayevich, O'zbekiston Fanlar akademiyasi akademigi
Rae Kvon Chung, Janubiy Koreya, TDIU faxriy professori, "Nobel" mukofoti laureati
Osman Mesten, Turkiya parlamenti a'zosi, Turkiya – O'zbekiston do'stlik jamiyati rahbari
Sharipov Kongiratbay Avezimbetovich, t.f.d., prof., O'zR Oliy ta'lim, fan va innovatsiyalar vaziri
Buzrukxonov Sarvarxon Munavvarxonovich, i.f.d., O'zR Oliy ta'lim, fan va innovatsiyalar vaziri o'rinbosari
Axmedov Durbek Kudratillayevich, i.f.d., prof., O'zR Oliy Majlisi qonunchilik palatasi deputati
Axmedov Sayfullo Normatovich, i.f.n., professor, MIM akademiyasi rektori
Abduraxmanova Gulnora Kalandarovna, i.f.d., prof., TDIU Ilmiy ishlar va innovatsiyalar bo'yicha prorektori
Kalonov Muxiddin Baxritdinovich, i.f.d., prof., Navoiy davlat pedagogika instituti rektori
Siddiqova Sadoqat G'afforovna, p.f.f.d., (PhD), Buxoro muhandislik-texnologiya instituti rektori
Xudoyqulov Sadirdin Karimovich, i.f.d., prof., TDIU Hududiy ta'lim muassasalari va markazlar bo'yicha prorektor v.b.
Yuldashev Mutallib Ibragimovich, i.f.d., TDIUprofessor
Samadov Asqarjon Nishonovich, i.f.n., TDIU professori
Slizovskiy Dimitriy Yegorovich, t.f.d., Rossiya xalqlar do'stligi universiteti professori
Mustafakulov Sherzod Igamberdiyevich, i.f.d., prof., Xalqaro "Nordik" universiteti rektori
Axmedov Ikrom Akramovich, i.f.d., TSUE professori
Foziljonov Ibrohimjon Sotvoldixo'ja o'g'li, i.f.f.d., TDIU dotsenti
Utayev Uktam Choriyevich, O'zR Bosh prokuraturasi boshqarma boshlig'i o'rinbosari
Ochilov Farxod, O'zR Bosh prokuraturasi IJQKD boshlig'i
Eshtayev Alisher Abdug'aniyevich, i.f.d., TDIU professori
Musayeva Shoirazimovna, SamDu IS instituti professori
Cham Tat Huei, (PhD) USCI universiteti professori, Malayziya
Axmedov Javohir Jamolovich, i.f.f.d.,(PhD) "El-yurt umidi" jamg'armasi ijrochi direktori o'rinbosari
Toxirov Jaloliddin Ochil o'g'li, t.f.f.d.,(PhD) TAQU katta o'qituvchisi
Djudi Smetana, p.f.n., Pitsburg davlat universiteti dosenti, Pittsburgh, Kansas, AQSH
Krissi Lyuis, p.f.n., Pitsburg davlat universiteti dosenti, Pittsburgh, Kansas, AQSH
Ali Konak (Али Кўнак), i.f.d., prof., Karabuk universiteti dosenti, Turkiya
Glazova Marina Viktorovna, i.f.n., "LUKOIL-Energoservis" Kompaniyasi iqtisodchisi, Moskva.
Nosirova Nargiza Jamoliddin qizi, i.f.f.d., (PhD) TDIU dotsenti
Sevil Piriyeva Karaman, PhD, Turkiya Anqara universiteti doktoranti
Mirzaliyev Sanjar Maxamatjon o'g'li, TDIU mustaqil tadqiqotchisi

Yashil

IQTISODIYOT va TARAQQIYOT

Ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, siyosiy, ilmiy, ommabop jurnal

Editorial board:

Salimov Oqil Umrzokovich, Academician of the Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan

Abdurakhmanov Kalandar Khodjaevich, Academician of the Academy of Sciences of Uzbekistan

Rae Kwon Chung, honorary professor of TSUE, Nobel laureate, South Korea,

Osman Mesten, member of the Turkish Parliament, head of the Turkey-Uzbekistan Friendship Society

Sharipov Kongratbay Avezimbetovich, DSc, Prof., Minister of Higher Education, Science and Innovation of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Buzrukkhanov Sarvarkhan Munavvarkhanovich, DSc, Deputy Minister of Higher Education, Science and Innovation of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Akhmedov Durbek Kudratillayevich, DSc, Prof., Deputy of the Legislative Chamber of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Akhmedov Sayfullo Normatovich CSc, Prof., Rector of Academy of Labor and Social Relations

Abdurakhmanova Gulnora Kalandarovna, DSc, Prof., TSUE Vice-Rector for Scientific Affairs and Innovation

Kalonov Mukhiddin Bakhritdinovich, DSc, Prof., Rector of the Navoi State Pedagogical Institute

Siddikova Sadokat Ghaforovna, PhD, Rector of the Bukhara Institute of Engineering and Technology

Khudoykulov Sadirdin Karimovich, DSc, Prof., acting Vice-rector for regional educational institutions and centers of TSUE

Yuldashev Mutallib Ibragimovich, DSc, Prof., of TSUE

Samadov Askarjon Nishonovich, CSc, Prof., of TSUE

Slizovsky Dimitriy Yegorovich, DSc, Prof., of the People's Friendship University of Russia

Mustafakulov Sherzod Igamberdiyevich, DSc, Prof., Rector of International "Nordic" University

Akhmedov Ikrom Akramovich, DSc, Prof., of TSUE

Foziljonov Ibrohimjon Sotvoldixo'ja ugli, DSc, Prof., of TSUE

Utayev Uktam Choriyeich, Deputy Head of the DGPO of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Ochilov Farkhod, Head of the DCECGPO of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Eshtayev Alisher Abduganievich, DSc, Prof., of TSUE

Shoira Azimovna Musaeva, professor of SamDu IS Institute

Cham Tat Huei, PhD, professor at USCI University, Malaysia

Akhmedov Javokhir Jamolovich, PhD, deputy of executive director of the "El-yurt umidi" fund

Tokhirov Jaloliddin Ochil ugli, PhD, Senior Lecturer at Tashkent University of Architecture and Construction

Judy Smetana CSc, Associate Professor, Pittsburgh State University, Pittsburgh, Kansas, USA

Chrissy Lewis CSc, Associate Professor, Pittsburgh State University, Pittsburgh, Kansas, USA

Ali Konak DSc, Prof., Associate Professor of Karabuk University, Turkey

Glazova Marina Viktorovna, CSc, economist at LUKOIL-Energoservis Company, Moscow.

Nosirova Nargiza Jamoliddin kizi, associate professor of TSUE

Sevil Piriyea Karaman, PhD, doctoral student at Ankara University, Turkey

Mirzaliyev Sanjar Makhamatjon ugli, independent researcher of TSUE

Ekspertlar kengashi:

Berkinov Bazarbay, iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor

Po'latov Baxtiyor Alimovich, t.f.d., profesor

Aliyev Bekdavlat Aliyevich, f.f.d., TDIU professori

Isakov Janabay Yakubbayevich, i.f.d., TDIU professori

Xalikov Suyun Ravshanovich, i. f. n., TDAU dotsenti

Rustamov Ilhomiddin, f.f.n., Farg'ona davlat universiteti dotsenti

Hakimov Ziyodulla Ahmadovich, i.f.d, TDIU dotsenti

Kamilova Iroda Xusniddinovna, i.f.f.d., TDIU dotsenti

G'afurov Doniyor Orifovich, p.f.f.d., (PhD)

Fayziyev Oybek Raximovich, i.f.f.d. (PhD), Alfraganus universiteti dotsenti

Tuxtabayev Jamshid Sharafetdinovich, i.f.f.d, TDIU dotsenti

Xamidova Faridaxon Abdulkarim qizi, i.f.d., TMI dotsenti

Yaxshiboyeva Laylo Abdisattorovna, TDIU katta o'qituvchisi

Babayeva Zuhra Yuldashevna, TDIU mustaqil tadqiqotchisi

Muassis: "Ma'rifat-print-media" MChJ

Hamkorlarimiz: Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti, O'zR Tabiat resurslari vazirligi, O'zR Bosh prokuraturasi huzuridagi IJQK departamenti.

Jurnalning ilmiyligi:

“Yashil” iqtisodiyot va taraqqiyot” jurnali

O'zbekiston Respublikasi
Oliy ta'lim, fan va innovatsiyalar
vazirligi huzuridagi Oliy
attestatsiya komissiyasi
rayosatining
2023-yil 1-apreldagi 336/3-
sonli qarori bilan ro'yxatdan
o'tkazilgan.



MUNDARIJA

Benchmarking asosida oliy ta'lim muassasalarining raqobatbardoshlik xususiyatini oshirish.....	16
Qo'ng'irotboy Avezimbetovich Sharipov, Zaynutdinova Umida Djalolovna	
Mehnat resurslarini samarali boshqarish orqali ish bilan bandlikni ta'minlash	20
Shakarov Zafar Gafforovich	
Трансформация человеческого капитала в условиях цифровизации и внедрения искусственного интеллекта в банковскую экосистему	24
С.С. Исмаилов	
“Kreativ iqtisodiyot” va “kreativ industriya”: mohiyati, nazariy jihatlarining tahlili	32
Dusmuxamedov Oybek Suratbekovich	
Muammoli kreditlar va ularni bartaraf etish yo'llari.....	37
Tojiyev Sardor Dilmurod o'g'li	
Don mahsulotlari tarmog'ida mavjud kamchiliklar va ularning yechimlari	41
Sh.B. Donayev	
Eksportni rivojlantirish iqtisodiy o'sishning asosiy omillaridan biridir	45
Kursandov Komiljon Maxmatkulovich	
Yirik soliq to'lovchilar bo'yicha soliq ma'muriyatchiligini tashkil etish	49
Idirisov Alisher Otajonovich	
Institutsional investorlar faoliyatini tashkil etishning konseptual jihatlarini.....	53
Sultanov Maxmud Axmedovich	
Poverty in developing countries: new problems and solutions.....	57
Amirdjanova Sitara Sunnat kizi	
Факторы, влияющие на успешное функционирование скандинавской модели развития экономики	61
Вохидова Мехри Хасановна	
Анализ зарубежного опыта методологии оценки финансового потенциала развитых стран	69
Буранова Лола Вахобовна	
Мамлакатimizda islom moliyaviy xizmatlarini joriy etishning zarurligi.....	78
Babamatov Tolib Hakimovich	
Davlat-xususiy sheriklik loyihalarining tashkiliy-huquqiy mexanizmlari	83
S.A.Karabayev	
O'zbekiston tijorat banklarida valyuta operatsiyalarini amalga oshirish yo'llari	90
Yusupov Aziz Shuxratovich	
Sanoatda raqamli transformatsiyaning shakllanishi va rivojlanishi	95
Gulbayeva Feruza Islamovna	
Oliy ta'lim muassasalarining mamlakat iqtisodiy rivojlanishiga ta'siri.....	102
Sherov Alisher Bakberganovich	
Maxsus kiyimlar tikishda foydalaniladigan gazlamalar tahlili	107
Sayidova Maftuna Hamroqul qizi	
O'zbekistonda elektron bank xizmatlarini o'zgartirishda raqamli texnologiyalardan foydalanish	111
Umarova Malika Baxtiyarovna	
Оценка влияния налоговой системы на финансовое состояние организаций	116
Умида Юлдашева	
Теоретическое обоснование интернет-маркетинга в социальных сетях	120
Арипходжаев Саидамир Фузулиддинович	



Sport tashkilotining marketing strategiyasini ishlab chiqish.....	127
Ismoilov Sherzod Dilshodovich	
Kichik biznes va xususiy tadbirkorlik faoliyatini rivojlantirishda klaster tizimini joriy qilish jarayonlari.....	132
Ziyadullayev G'ayrat Umidulla o'g'li	
Hududlar soliq salohiyatini oshirishda soliq risklarini boshqarishning zamonaviy tendensiyalari	138
Sharipov Narzullo G'ulomovich	
O'zbekistonning xalqaro bozordagi faoliyatini kengaytirishda marketing strategiyalaridan foydalanish samaradorligi.....	144
Shadieva Madina Djaloliddin qizi	
Xususiy tadbirkorlik va kichik biznes subyektlarining rivojlanish tendensiyalari.....	148
Jumanazarova Z.K.	
Xalqaro savdning O'zbekiston iqtisodiyotiga ta'siri	154
Rashidov Bekzod Ulug'bek o'g'li, Isayev Laziz Baxtiyorovich	
Oliygochlarni optimallashtirishda sinergiya samarasiga erishish yo'llari	158
Adizov Sanjar Rashidovich	
Iqtisodiyotni raqamlashtirish sharoitida bank tizimining barqarorligini ta'minlash asosida aholi kambag'allik darajasini qisqartirish	165
Xoliyrov Murod Qahramon o'g'li, Xoliyrova Shoxista Qahramon qizi	
Концептуальная основа маркетинга в социальных сетях в туризме.....	174
Касимова Зилова Гуламиддиновна	
O'zbekistonda don mahsulotlari klasterlarida ishlab chiqarish va xo'jalik faoliyatini rivojlantirish	182
Alimov G'ayratjon Abduraxmon o'g'li	
Актуальные проблемы и пути решения приватизации государственного имущества в узбекистане	186
Шахзод Сайдуллаев	
Ttijorat bank daromadlaridagi risklarni baholash va boshqarishni takomillashtirish	192
Ahmedov Komron Muhammadaliyevich	
Sanoat korxonalarini iqtisodiy salohiyatini oshirishga ta'sir etuvchi omillar tahlili.....	196
Quyjanov Xurshid Abdullayevich	
Tashkilotning moliyaviy natijalarini hisobga olishda auditni takomillashtirish masalalari	200
Bakayev Xurshid Maxmudovich	
Yirik soliq to'lovchilar bo'yicha hududlararo davlat soliq inspeksiyasi o'rni va ahamiyati.....	206
Normurzaev Umid Xolmurzaevich	
Анализ международного опыта в сфере тепличного овощеводства	214
Нурутдинова Зухра Алишеровна	
Hududda turizm xizmatlarini rivojlantirishda xorijiy mamlakatlar tajribalarining mohiyati	220
Madaminova Sanobar Askarovna	
Hududning iqtisodiy o'sishini "yashil" iqtisodiyot asosida shakllantirishning nazariy asoslari.....	226
Shomirzayev Abdug'affor Abdujabbor o'g'li	
Davlat tibbiy sug'urta jamg'armasi faoliyati tahlili.....	230
Umurzakova Mo'tabarxon Nodir qizi	
Qurilish materiallarini ishlab chiqarish korxonalarining boshqarish tizimini takomillashtirish.....	234
Uzakova Umida Ruziyevna	
O'zbekistonda turistik majmualarni boshqarishning zamonaviy konsepsiyalari va yondashuvlarining metodologik jihatlar.....	241
Xomidov Qaxxorali Qurbonali o'g'li	
Aktiv va reaktiv quvvatlari tushunchasi va ularni soliqqa tortishdagi mavjud muammolar	247
Boykabilov Bahodir Mustafayevich	



Kichik sanoat zonalari korxona va mahsulotlar raqobatbardoshligini baholashga uslubiy yondashuv	251
Ozoda Batirovna Sakiyeva	
Investitsion jozibadorlikni baholashning uslubiy jihatlari	255
N.N.Zikrillayev	
Hududlarda turizm tarmoqlari infratuzilmasi va uni rivojlantirishni boshqarishning metodologik jihatlari	263
Saidova Dilfuza Abdufattohovna	
The connection of legal protection of geographical indications and state's economic growth	268
Almosova Shahnoza Sobirovna	
Kichik biznesning integratsiyalashuv mexanizmlarini shakllantirish	273
Israilov Rustam Ibragimovich	
Aksiyadorlik jamiyatlarida biznes jarayonlarni samarali boshqarishning nazariy asoslari va o'ziga xos xususiyatlari	277
D.D. Suvanova	
Оптимизация маркетинговой деятельности вузов узбекистана для привлечения абитуриентов	283
Шамшиева Наргизахон Носирхужа кизи	
Davlat budjetidan aholini uy-joy bilan ta'minlashning o'ziga xos xususiyatlari	290
Xannarov Komiljon Karimovich	
Tijorat banklarida transformatsiyalashuv jarayonlarining tahlili	296
Yoqubov Murodjon Valibekovich	
Роль инновационных инфраструктур в обеспечении конкурентоспособности промышленных предприятий	302
Каримов Хожакбар Махамаджон угли	
O'zbekiston qishloq xo'jaligida Osiyocha ishlab chiqarish usuliga asos solinishi	306
Abdulla Abduqodirov	
Kichik biznes korxonalari ishlab chiqarishida innovatsion jarayonlarni tadqiq qilish yo'llari	312
Nasrullayev Feruz Furqatovich	
Ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy adolat – barqaror rivojlanish kafolati	318
Alimov Nasimjon Hoshimovich	
“Istiqlol” memhonxonasi reklama faoliyati tahlili	322
Musayeva Shoirazimovna, Usmonova Dilfuza Ilhomovna	
To'g'ridan to'g'ri xorijiy investitsiyalarni jalb qilishda asosiy belgilovchi omillar	328
Xaydarov Xurshidbek Latipjonovich	
Enhancing Industrial Efficiency through Integrative Sustainability Approaches	334
Kholmukhamedova Feruza	
Современные способы получения нефтяных битумов	338
Юлдашев Норбек Худайназарович, Махмудов Мухтор Жамолович, Комолов Руслан Илхомбекович	
O'zbekistonda agrobiznes orqali hududlarni rivojlantirish masalalari	342
Islomov Jamshed Davronovich	
Зарубежный опыт трансформации железнодорожной транспортной системы	347
Саримсакова Малохат Хикматуллаевна	
Sog'liqni saqlash sohasida davlat xususiy sherikligini tashkil etishning mintaqaviy xususiyatlari	351
Qurbanov Jumanazar Omonovich	
Savdo korxonalarida buxgalteriya hisobini tashkil etish hamda hisob siyosatini shakllantirish	354
Uzakov Utkir Abdusattarovich	
Sanoatda raqamli transformatsiyaning shakllanishi va rivojlanishi	357
Gulbayeva Feruza Islamovna	



Ta'lim muassasalarida namunaviy shtat, jadvallarni tuzish tartiblarini takomillashtirish	364
Ortiqov Xamroqul Abdumajidovich, Boliyev Bahromjon Rustam o'g'li	
Mamlakatimizda turizm sohasini istiqbolda rivojlantirishga ta'sir etuvchi ekzogen omillar tahlili	369
Yuldasheva Dilnoza Ulug'bekovna	
O'zbekiston Respublikasi tijorat banklarining masofaviy va boshqa xizmatlar bozorida raqobatni rivojlantirish masalalari.....	378
Ortiqov Oybek Abdullayevich	
Transport infratuzilmasining xususiyatlari.....	390
Shodmonbekova Nodira Kamoljon qizi	
Asosiy vositalarni xalqaro standartlar asosida hisobga olish tartibi	394
Shermamatov Sirojiddin Xaydarovich	
Logistika jarayonlarida raqamli yechimlar.....	399
Yarashova Vasila Kamalovna, Allabergenov Sherzod Maksudbayevich	
To'g'ridan to'g'ri sug'urta qilish operatsiyalari bo'yicha daromadlarning hisobini takomillashtirish.....	403
Abdusaidov S.J.	
Venchur kapitali: kelib chiqish tarixi va ilg'or horijiy tajribalar.....	409
Do'stov Firuz Ilxomovich	
Анализ статистического исследования рынка паломнического туризма в республике узбекистан	414
Мустаева Шохида Саъдуллаевна	
Структурно-функциональный анализ гастрономического туризма в республике узбекистан	420
Салиева Екатерина Сергеевна	
Вопросы привлечения внешнего финансирования металлургических предприятий в узбекистане.....	427
Татьяна Будей	
Mamlakat iqtisodiyotini rivojlantirishda investitsiyalardan foydalanishning afzalliklari	431
Khusanov Nodirbek Djumanazarovich	
Innovatsion g'oyalar va yangi ilmiy ishlanmalar asosida innovatsion mahsulotlar yaratishning boshqaruv tizimi samaradorligini oshirish yo'llari.....	437
Daliyev Xusan Xojakbarovich	
Macroeconomic factors in the development of the banking performance	442
Mamadiyorova Madina Nuriddin kizi, Dr.Susanti Kurniawati, X.S.Umarov	
Mamlakatimizda oziq-ovqat sanoatini rivojlanish holati va uning dolzarbligi	449
Turg'unov Muxriddin Mo'ydinjon o'g'li	
Ecological sustainability and trade: economic and environmental implications of uzbekistan's accession to the WTO	453
Mironshokh Sattarov, Denny Andriana, Sirojiddin Yangiboyev	
Hududiy turizm rivojlanishining iqtisodiy samaradorligini oshirishni o'ziga xos tendensiyalari.....	458
Dustmurodov Orifjon Ismatilloevich	
Jismoniy shaxslar daromadlarini soliqqa tortishning ilmiy – nazariy asoslari.....	468
Davletov Po'lat Torabayevich	
Ekoshahar tashkil etishda "yashil" belbog' hamda "yashil" makonning o'rni	476
Karimova Muqaddas Zabixullayevna	
Необходимость изучения механизма управления социально-трудовыми отношениями при переходе республики узбекистан на "зеленую" экономику.....	479
Раматов Зафарбек Жуманиязович	



Klasterlarning rivojlanish tarixi, ularning o'ziga xos xususiyatlari va raqobatbardoshlikdagi o'rni	482
Sherkulov Shohruh Erkin o'g'li	
Soliqlarni raqamlashtirish: QQS ning muammo va istiqbollari	486
Abdulxayeva Shahnoza Muhammadiyevna	
Dehqon va tomorqa xo'jaliklarida sug'oriladigan yerlarning unumdorligini oshirish yo'llari.....	492
Xo'jageldiev Chorshanbi Pardayevich	
Topical issues of analytical support for financial resources management of business entities in modern conditions	498
Jiyanova Nargiza Esanboyevna	
Исследование цифровой валюты центрального банка как новой формы денег	506
Якубова Шамшинур Шухратовна	
Структуризация прибыли предприятия, факторы формирования и выявление резервов её повышения.....	513
Гафурова Азизахон Фатиховна	
Xorijiy mamlakatlarda oilaviy migratsiya masalalari.....	517
Kadirova Zulayho Abduhalimovna, Gaziyeva Sulxiya Saidmashrafovna	
Ta'limda innovatsion tadbirkorlikning tarixiy rivojlanishini asosiy bosqichlari.....	522
Madaminova Xusnidaxon Shuxratovna	
Integratsiya jarayonida bog'dorchilikda klasterlarni barpo qilishning tashkiliy-iqtisodiy mexanizmlar va tarkibiy o'zgarishlarga ta'siri	526
Ergashov Ulug'bek Zoxidjonovich	
Banklarning moliyaviy xavfsizligi va uning iqtisodiy xavfsizlikka ta'siri	532
Mamatov Mamajan Axmadjonovich	
Qishloq xo'jaligida pillachilik biznesini rivojlantirish istiqbollarini belgilash jarayonini ekonometrik modellashtirish	535
Turgunov Odilbek Maripovich	
Zamonaviy pul-kredit siyosatining iqtisodiy o'sishni ta'minlashdagi rolini baholash	542
Mamanazarov Abdusamat Abdusaitovich	
The unique characteristics of governance systems in various countries: a comparative analysis.....	549
Bozorboev Otamurod Nurmuxammad ugli, Denny Andriana, Usmanov Bunyod	



THE UNIQUE CHARACTERISTICS OF GOVERNANCE SYSTEMS IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES: A COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS



Bozorboev Otamurod Nurmuxammat ugli

Graduate student, Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia

Denny Andriana

Department of Accounting and Finance, Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia

Usmanov Bunyod

Tashkent state university of economics

Abstract: This study is aimed at understanding the control of social and economic processes and ensuring the stability of society through a comparative analysis of the characteristics of governance systems in different countries. Within the framework of the selected countries, in particular, the level of economic development of Uzbekistan, Indonesia, USA, Great Britain, Germany, Japan, South Korea, China, India and Russia was analyzed. In this study, the effectiveness of management systems and recommendations for improving management practices based on international experiences are given.

Key words: Management systems, comparative analysis, corruption, centralized management, democratic management, economic development, political systems, international experiences.

Annotatsiya: Ushbu tadqiqot turli mamlakatlardagi boshqaruv tizimlarining o'ziga xos xususiyatlarini qiyosiy tahlil qilish orqali ijtimoiy va iqtisodiy jarayonlarni nazorat qilish hamda jamiyat barqarorligini ta'minlashni tushunishga qaratilgan. Tanlangan mamlakatlar doirasida, xususan, O'zbekiston, Indoneziya, AQSh, Buyuk Britaniya, Germaniya, Yaponiya, Janubiy Koreya, Xitoy, Hindiston va Rossiyaning iqtisodiy rivojlanish darajasi tahlil qilingan. Ushbu tadqiqotda boshqaruv tizimlarining samaradorligi va xalqaro tajribalar asosida boshqaruv amaliyotini takomillashtirish bo'yicha tavsiyalar berilgan.

Kalit so'zlar: Boshqaruv tizimlari, qiyosiy tahlil, korruptsiya, markazlashtirilgan boshqaruv, demokratik boshqaruv, iqtisodiy rivojlanish, siyosiy tizimlar, xalqaro tajribalar.

Аннотация: Настоящее исследование направлено на понимание управления социальными и экономическими процессами и обеспечение стабильности общества посредством сравнительного анализа характеристик систем управления в разных странах. В рамках выбранных стран, в частности, был проанализирован уровень экономического развития Узбекистана, Индонезии, США, Великобритании, Германии, Японии, Южной Кореи, Китая, Индии и России.

В данном исследовании даны эффективность систем управления и рекомендации по совершенствованию практики управления на основе международного опыта.

Ключевые слова: Системы управления, сравнительный анализ, коррупция, централизованное управление, демократическое управление, экономическое развитие, политические системы, международный опыт.

INTRODUCTION

Governance systems in various countries are mechanisms developed to implement state policies, control social and economic processes, and ensure societal stability. These systems encompass elements of regula-



tion, control, and accountability in state administration. Each country has developed its governance systems in accordance with its historical, cultural, and economic context, representing various management mechanisms. By comparing governance systems across countries, we can better understand how the state interacts with society, the implementation of political and economic reforms, and the relationships between citizens and business entities.

Comparing governance systems across countries is crucial for several reasons. Firstly, it allows for the assessment of the effectiveness of governance systems and the identification of differences among them. This provides an opportunity to study international experiences and consider possibilities for improving governance systems in our own country. For example, regulatory systems encompass rules and laws adopted to regulate the economic and social spheres of countries, while governance structures involve methods of distributing tasks and decision-making processes among organizations and state bodies. As Nelson Mandela famously said, "The development of a country depends on the effectiveness of its governance system. This system's effectiveness is not only confined to laws and regulations but also includes cultural and traditional principles."

The research problem centers on understanding the distinctive features of governance systems in various countries and addressing gaps or issues in the literature. Despite numerous studies on governance systems worldwide, there is still insufficient detailed information about their unique characteristics and effectiveness. This research aims to address these gaps by conducting a thorough comparative analysis of governance systems in different countries.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

This study aims to identify and compare the distinctive features of governance systems in various countries to assess their effectiveness. A comparative approach was utilized, which is effective in identifying differences and similarities among governance systems. The countries selected for this study include Uzbekistan, Indonesia, the USA, the UK, Germany, Japan, South Korea, China, India, and Russia. These countries were chosen due to their diverse levels of economic development, political systems, and cultural contexts, providing a broad spectrum of governance systems for analysis.

The selection of these countries is based on several reasons. Uzbekistan and Indonesia were chosen for their ongoing economic development processes and efforts to modernize their governance systems. Uzbekistan is transitioning from a centralized governance system inherited from the Soviet era to a market economy, while Indonesia is implementing significant democratic reforms. Both countries are crucial for regional and global economic development.

Developed countries like the USA and the UK are characterized by various democratic governance and regulatory systems aimed at regulating market economies. Germany and Japan, with their strong centralized and bureaucratic governance systems, are also included. South Korea and China, as rapidly developing Asian economies with centralized political systems, provide insights into unique governance characteristics. India, as the world's largest democracy with a federal system, and Russia, with its centralized governance and Soviet legacy, are also examined.

Data collection involved analyzing official documents, laws, regulations, and reports from state bodies of the selected countries. This method ensured the acquisition of accurate and reliable information about governance systems. For example, in Uzbekistan, data were collected from the Oliy Majlis and Presidential decrees, while in Indonesia, data were gathered from the People's Consultative Assembly and Presidential decrees. In the USA, data were collected from Congress and Presidential decrees, and in the UK, from Parliamentary documents. Similar approaches were applied to other countries.

Data analysis involved qualitative comparison and statistical analysis. Qualitative comparison identified key differences and similarities among governance systems, while statistical analysis assessed their effectiveness using economic indicators such as GDP, corruption index, government expenditures, and public trust in governance systems. NVivo software was used for systematic data analysis and highlighting key themes.

RESULTS

The analysis of the distinctive features and effectiveness of governance systems in various countries revealed several key findings. The study covered governance systems in Uzbekistan, Indonesia, the USA, the UK, Germany, Japan, South Korea, China, India, and Russia. Each country's governance system was analyzed and assessed based on economic and political indicators. Below are the findings for each country.



Table 1. Governance System and CPI Index by Country (2023).

Mamlakat	Boshqaruv Tizimi	Rivojlanganlik Darajasi	CPI Indeksi (2023)
O'zbekiston	Markazlashgan	Rivojlanayotgan	31
Indoneziya	Demokratik	Rivojlanayotgan	34
AQSh	Federal Demokratik	Rivojlangan	69
Buyuk Britaniya	Parlamentar	Rivojlangan	73
Germaniya	Federal	Rivojlangan	80
Yaponiya	Unitar	Rivojlangan	73
Janubiy Koreya	Respublika	Rivojlangan	63
Xitoy	Markazlashgan	Rivojlanayotgan	42
Hindiston	Federal Demokratik	Rivojlanayotgan	40
Rossiya	Markazlashgan	Rivojlanayotgan	28

Countries with centralized governance systems, such as Uzbekistan, Russia, and China, exhibit high levels of corruption, as reflected in their CPI indexes. The concentration of power and resources in the central government, coupled with insufficient lower-level oversight, contributes to widespread corruption in these countries.

In contrast, developed countries such as Germany, the UK, and the USA have lower levels of corruption and higher CPI indexes. These countries have strong legislative frameworks, public awareness, and legal cultures that play significant roles in combating corruption.

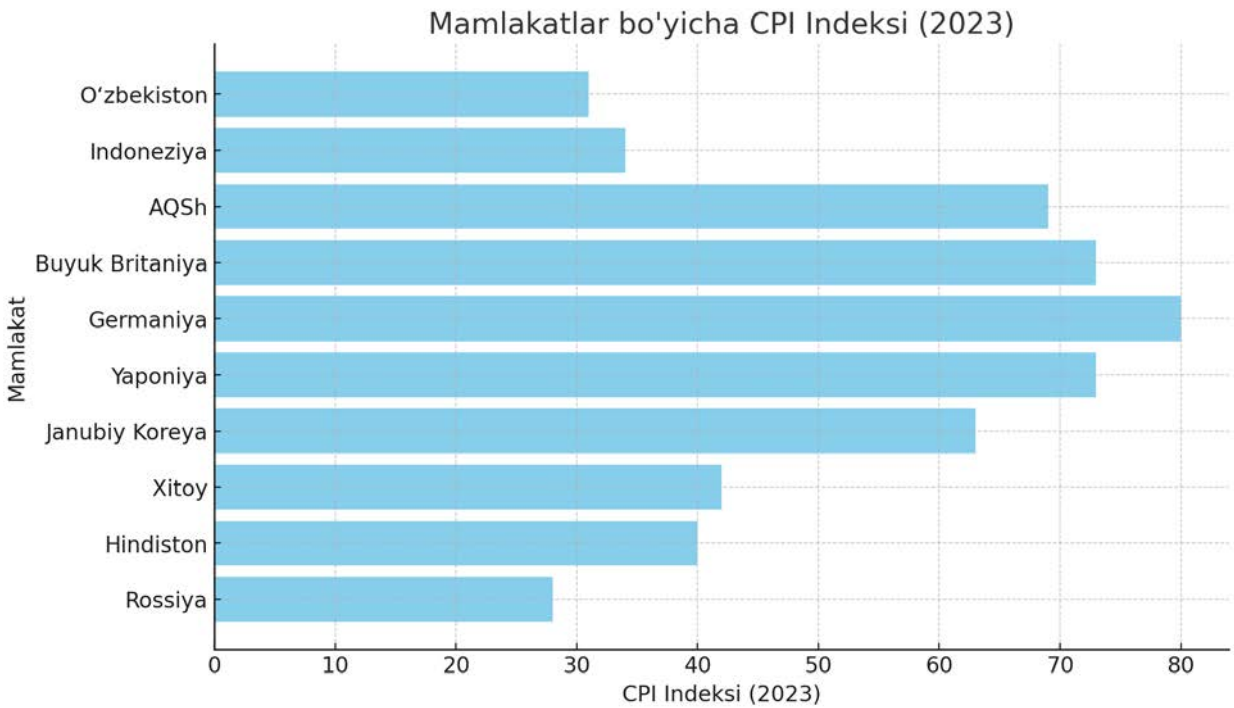


Figure 1. CPI Index by Country (2023)

Transparency International's Corruption Perceptions Index (CPI) is used to evaluate the extent of corruption in countries. The CPI index is a crucial indicator for assessing the effectiveness and transparency of governance systems.

DISCUSSION

The analysis of governance systems and their effectiveness across different countries leads to several conclusions:



- **Centralized Governance and Corruption:** Countries with centralized governance systems, such as Uzbekistan, Russia, and China, tend to have higher levels of corruption. This is due to the concentration of power and resources in the central government and inadequate lower-level oversight.

- **Democratic and Federal Governance:** Developed countries like Germany, the UK, and the USA have strong democratic and federal governance systems, resulting in lower levels of corruption. The key factors include robust legislative frameworks, legal awareness, and active civil society institutions.

- **Economic Development and Corruption:** Economically developed countries, such as Germany and Japan, exhibit lower levels of corruption, attributed to economic stability and high levels of social services.

- **Regional Characteristics:** Asian countries like South Korea and China have relatively high levels of corruption despite economic development, influenced by their political and cultural characteristics.

This study provides reliable results for identifying and comparing the distinctive features of governance systems in various countries and their effectiveness. The findings serve as a basis for better understanding governance systems and developing scientific and practical recommendations for their improvement.

References

1. Fukuyama, F. (2013). "What is Governance?" *Governance*, 26(3), 347-368. <https://doi.org/10.1111/gove.12035>.
2. North, D. C. (1990). "Institutions, Institutional Change and Economic Performance." Cambridge University Press.
3. Kaufmann, D., Kraay, A., & Mastruzzi, M. (2010). "The Worldwide Governance Indicators: Methodology and Analytical Issues." World Bank Policy Research Working Paper No. 5430.
4. La Porta, R., Lopez-de-Silanes, F., Shleifer, A., & Vishny, R. W. (1999). "The Quality of Government." *Journal of Law, Economics, and Organization*, 15(1), 222-279. <https://doi.org/10.1093/jleo/15.1.222>.
5. Rothstein, B., & Teorell, J. (2008). "What is Quality of Government? A Theory of Impartial Government Institutions." *Governance*, 21(2), 165-190. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-0491.2008.00391>.
6. Acemoglu, D., & Robinson, J. A. (2012). "Why Nations Fail: The Origins of Power, Prosperity, and Poverty." Crown Business.
7. Treisman, D. (2007). "The Architecture of Government: Rethinking Political Decentralization." Cambridge University Press. <https://doi.org/10.1017/CBO9780511619030>
8. Gerring, J., & Thacker, S. C. (2004). "Political Institutions and Corruption: The Role of Unitarism and Parliamentarism." *British Journal of Political Science*, 34(2), 295-330. <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0007123404000067>.
9. Transparency International. (2023). "Corruption Perceptions Index 2023." Retrieved from Transparency International.
10. World Bank. (2020). "World Development Report 2017: Governance and the Law." World Bank Publications. <https://doi.org/10.1596/978-1-4648-0951-2>.

Jurnal sayti: <https://yashil-iqtisodiyot-taraqqiyot.uz>

Yashil

IQTISODIYOT va TARAQQIYOT

Ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, siyosiy, ilmiy, ommabop jurnal

Ingliz tili muharriri: Feruz Hakimov

Musahhih: Xondamir Ismoilov

Sahifalovchi va dizayner: Iskandar Islomov

2024. № 8

© Materiallar ko'chirib bosilganda "Yashil" iqtisodiyot va taraqqiyot" jurnali manba sifatida ko'rsatilishi shart. Jurnalda bosilgan material va reklamalardagi dalillarning aniqligiga mualliflar ma'sul. Tahririyat fikri har vaqt ham mualliflar fikriga mos kelamasligi mumkin. Tahririyatga yuborilgan materiallar qaytarilmaydi.

Mazkur jurnalda maqolalar chop etish uchun quyidagi havolalarga maqola, reklama, hikoya va boshqa ijodiy materiallar yuborishingiz mumkin.

Materiallar va reklamalar pullik asosda chop etiladi.

El.Pochta: sq143235@gmail.com

Bot: [@iqtisodiyot_77](https://t.me/@iqtisodiyot_77)

Tel.: 93 718 40 07

Jurnalga istalgan payt quyidagi rekvizitlar orqali obuna bo'lishingiz mumkin. Obuna bo'lgach, [@iqtisodiyot_77](https://t.me/@iqtisodiyot_77) telegram sahifamizga to'lov haqidagi ma'lumotni skrinshot yoki foto shaklida jo'natishingizni so'raymiz. Shu asosda har oygi jurnal yangi sonini manzilingizga jo'natamiz.

"Yashil" iqtisodiyot va taraqqiyot" jurnali 03.11.2022-yildan O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti Adminstratsiyasi huzuridagi Axborot va ommaviy kommunikatsiyalar agentligi tomonidan №566955 reyestr raqami tartibi bo'yicha ro'yxatdan o'tkazilgan.

Litsenziya raqami: №046523. PNFL: 30407832680027

Manzilimiz: Toshkent shahar, Mirzo Ulug'bek tumani
Kumushkon ko'chasi, 26-uy.

