

Yashil

IQTISODIYOT TARAQQIYOT

Ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, siyosiy, ilmiy, ommabop jurnal

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- 08.00.01 Iqtisodiyot nazariyasi
- 08.00.02 Makroiqtisodiyot
- 08.00.03 Sanoat iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.04 Qishloq xo'jaligi iqtisodiyoti
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- 08.00.16 Raqamli iqtisodiyot va xalqaro raqamli integratsiya
- 08.00.17 Turizm va mehmonxona faoliyati



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THE CURRENT STATE OF THE DIGITAL ECONOMY IN THE AGRARIAN SPHERE: PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

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Abstract: This article describes the existing problems of the system of digitalization of the agrarian sphere in the digital economy. In the agrarian sphere, methods based on the scientific support of the digital economy have been developed. The introduction of digital technologies into sphere dramatically increases labor productivity and reduces risks to agriculture.

Key words: agrarian sphere, digital economy, digital technology, scientific research, economic technologies.

Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqolada raqamli iqtisodiyotda agrar sohani raqamlashtirish tizimining mavjud muammolari tasvirlangan. Agrar sohada raqamli iqtisodiyotni ilmiy qo'llab-quvvatlashga asoslangan usullar ishlab chiqilgan. Sohaga raqamli texnologiyalarni joriy etish mehnat unumdorligini keskin oshiradi va qishloq xo'jaligi uchun xavflarni kamaytiradi.

Kalit so'zlar: agrar soha, raqamli iqtisodiyot, raqamli texnologiya, ilmiy tadqiqotlar, iqtisodiy texnologiya.

Аннотация: В данной статье описаны существующие проблемы системы оцифровки аграрного сектора в цифровой экономике. В аграрной сфере разработаны методы, основанные на научном обеспечении цифровой экономики. Внедрение цифровых технологий в отрасль резко повысит производительность труда и снизит риски для сельского хозяйства.

Ключевые слова: аграрный сектор, цифровая экономика, цифровые технологии, научные исследования, экономические технологии.

INTRODUCTION

The country's high pace of development of Science and technology-technologies in the agrarian sphere and the development of productive forces provide an opportunity to create traditional technologies. Today it is an important driving force of the economy as a source of information resources, services, goods, value added and employment. In the fund for the penetration and development of Information Processes in the economic sphere, such forms of economic activity as internet stores, Internet banks, payment systems begin to develop gradually, new types of banknotes began to appear, a whole branch of the economy-the digital economy-is being built.

In the agrarian sphere, the extended approach determines that the digital economy is economic production using digital technologies. That is, the digital economy is an economic activity built on the basis of e-commerce, as well as electronic money exchange. Usually, these conditions mean the operation of electronic services aimed at the sale of electronic goods and services, often there is a process of exchanging electronic money between participants in electronic transactions. The effective implementation of the digital economy has a significant impact on the socio-economic development of the country, Society serves to master new aspects of development.

Agriculture is a field based on agrarian science. Almost all elements are subject to digital technology. It includes a large collection of data created and collected by agricultural producers using digital technologies, as well as the entire cycle of the product; calculation with land for the production of food products, adaptation of consumer characteristics to the supply of food to consumers.

To reconcile the bottom-up and top-down definitions of the Digital Economy, Bukht and Heeks stated that the Digital Economy consists of all sectors making extensive use of digital technologies, as opposed to sectors making intensive use of digital technologies [1].



Due to significant changes in the economy, the country's interest in the digital economy has grown significantly. Modern technologies and platforms have helped to reduce costs for enterprises and individuals, as well as provide quick and easy interaction, at the expense of minimizing personal communication with customers, partners and government organizations. The result was a digital or electronic economy based on network resources.

The effectiveness of the digital economy is influenced not only by the presence of Information Technology coverage and infrastructure, but also by standard economic criteria such as the business environment, human capital and successful management tools. Consequently, economic development relies on them, that is, these criteria play an important role in the development of the digital economy, as before.

Although there is a trend of relative growth in agricultural production, but measures for the full and efficient use of existing resources and production facilities have not yet been sufficiently organized and implemented [1].

For the progress of the digital economy, developed and developing countries, agriculture in particular is one of the priorities.

RESEARCH METHOD IN THE AGRARIAN SPHERE

At the present stage of development of the economy of Uzbekistan, information technology actively penetrates into all branches of Agriculture. It simplifies the life of the population of the country, increases labor productivity and speeds up information and communication processes. As a separate field of scientific knowledge, the digital economy has a certain methodological basis.

Gulyamov noted that "the digital economy consists of a chain of interrelated production and management processes, an integral element of which is the exchange of information that is carried out using chainoo digital technologies" [3]:

Methodological foundations of information type economics.

The economy of the information type, like any field of scientific knowledge, is based on the use of two main methodological groups: general methods; private methods.

General methods are used at all levels of knowledge.

As for private methods, they are used directly in the economy.

The economy studies the interaction of economic entities that occurs in the process of creating, distributing and using goods, including information. The nature of such interactions directly depends on the level of Social Development.

Research methods play a special big role. Scientific research of economic processes in the agrarian sphere requires the creation of information collection, transmission and processing functions in order to meet the information needs of researchers. Currently, the market of software products has a wide range of automated workplaces for various specialists of the agrarian sphere, which should ensure the high efficiency of economic activity of enterprises.

Varnavsky believes that the development of research in the field of institutional theory, in which such categories as information and transactions are balanced, will help overcome scientific difficulties [4].

Therefore, we can see the application of research methods in the digital economy of the agrarian sphere (Table 1).

RESULTS OF DIGITIZATION IN AGRICULTURE

The complexity of digital transformation processes requires the formation of a special mechanism for its initiation and management. It is proposed to understand the mechanism of digital transformation of agricultural producers as the scale of planned digitization, priority of directions and the speed of transformational processes, a set of structural and functional elements that allow them to start and control the digitization processes of economic entities within the framework of the implementation of digital development strategies.

The mechanism of digital transformation is mainly aimed at eliminating barriers to the digital development of agricultural producers.

This mechanism should allow agricultural producers to focus on different strategies and models of digitization due to the significant differentiation of production and management processes in terms of the level of informatization, financial provision of digital transformational processes, each of these models should meet the goals of digital development in a complex way. At the same time, the mechanism of digital transformation should take into account a very high change in production technologies and means of their implementation, fundamental changes in the composition and quality of resources necessary for agricultural production, as well as the need to modernize the system of inter-object relations formed within stable value chains.

**Table 1: Methods of research in the digital economy of the agrarian sphere¹**

Sphere	Research methods
Agrarian sphere	- In the agrarian sphere, it is necessary to create scientific developments that ensure the effectiveness of the research work of the scientific institution. Automation of research work, the use of economic and mathematical methods, the use of databases, access to Internet resources are important factors in conducting the work of researchers, as a result of which not only opportunities, but also the ability to quickly and efficiently carry out their tasks. The modern development of the sphere is associated with the use of knowledge-based factors in management activities: organizational, production-economic, strategic plans, technical-technological, socio-labor, regulatory and legal, information. These can be seen in the example of the use of the latest technologies in agriculture and animal husbandry, new technical means, improvement of the agricultural system. The introduction of scientific and technical developments and innovations into practice is a source of economic growth, which serves to increase labor productivity, significantly reduce the cost of product production and increase the volume of production..
	- monitoring must be carried out to assess the innovation potential of agricultural producers, which involves questioning certain groups of respondents. The experience of sending surveys for the application of innovations in enterprises by email does not give the desired result, since the percentage of their replenishment is very low. For monitoring in research institutes, funds are not allocated from the budgetary side, since it is necessary to provide scientific personnel with funds for travel expenses. The issue of creating a single information field of Agriculture and, accordingly, the problems of Agrarian science, as well as commodity producers do not have enough funds to purchase agricultural innovation technologies, techniques.
	- agricultural sectors have great risks, since the network is closely related to natural-climatic conditions. In agriculture, farmers and peasant farms are engaged in seasonal work throughout their activities, since, high yields in the country lead to a decrease in prices, as well as the demand for agricultural products has uncertainties in terms of price and income. The result is a situation where, instead of the high profits calculated by the producers, they receive much less profits or suffer losses. The peculiarity of Agriculture is that not only demand, but also supply becomes flexible. Here, the reasons for the flexibility of the offer in terms of prices and income, the fact that the land supply is not in the same standard, in which the period of production of agricultural products associated with natural biological factors and the period of product sales in the market play an important role.
	- in order to modernize the agrarian sphere with a new technological procedure, it is necessary to create conditions worthy of Agriculture, justify the rules that promote access to a competitive market, identify skills that allow employees to effectively use the capabilities of the digital economy, and identify scientific institutions responsible for achieving the maximum effect.

According to Ayupov, the main goals of the Digital Economy program are highlighted [5].

It is proposed to consider the main tasks of the digital transformation mechanism within three groups: preparation for digital transformation, its planning and regulation.

Preparation for updating digital transformation processes within the framework of the first group: assessment of the level of technical and technological development of the subject; assessment of institutional conditions; assessment of the quality of Information Infrastructure; assessment of the level of integration into a single information space; assessment of institutional conditions; assessment of financial capabilities.

Planning digital transform processes within the second group: substantiating the priorities of digital transform; substantiating the strategy and model of digital development; choosing digital technologies and tools for their implementation; assessing the effectiveness of alternative digital transform options; developing a promising plan for digital transform; identifying the need for financial resources.

Regulation of digital transform processes within the framework of the third group: optimization of interaction within the framework of the digital ecosystem; implementation of the functions of the current digital platform; ensuring a sufficient level of Internet technologies – training of personnel; adjusting the speed of digital transform processes; adjusting the scale of digital transform, digitizing individual elements.

Semyachkov said that it is important to consider the main aspects of the development of the digital economy and make decisions about its role in the overall system of economic relations [6].

1 Source: Developed by the author on the basis of scientific research.



The scope of digital transformation processes prioritizes the tasks of developing a strategy for digitizing Agro-economic systems of various levels, which includes not only the choice of priorities for the introduction of digital technologies, but also the means of their implementation.

The basis for determining the effectiveness of individual measures for digitizing the agricultural production system is based on the results of calculations provided by the developers of digital technologies, aimed at aggressively advancing a digital product, or expert assessments that only allow assessing the potential effectiveness of specific measures.

As a result, the productivity of agriculture, including the use of resources of agricultural sectors, is expanding.

Digital assets of industrial enterprises allow you to instantly respond to new market challenges and further develop both existing technologies and model innovative products [7].

Today, the acceleration of informatization is the basis for ensuring the stability of future development. Consistent economic growth is based on innovation and investment.

The direction of the development of the innovation process is digital technologies in crop production and animal husbandry, the introduction of scientific achievements in production [8].

Digital agricultural crops that make it possible to increase agricultural efficiency. The mode of operation of modern information technologies includes agricultural crops, crop planning, automation of irrigation, and the procedure for operation, from digital modeling of crops to calculating feed for raising cattle.

Due to the production and introduction of modern information technologies in agriculture, not only productivity increases, but also financial and labor-related costs decrease. As a result, the quality of the product increases and the profit increases.

According to the socio-economic status of the Republic of Uzbekistan, in 2019, the gross domestic product amounted to 25.4 billion dollar was in the production of goods. the in 2020. \$ 31.1 billion increased to dollars. At the same time, in 2019, 17.0 billion in the services sector. dollar, and in 2020. 19.6 billion there was a dollar increase. Net taxes on products in 2019 amounted to Rs 4.1 billion. dollar, in 2020. amounted to \$4.8 billion.

As of the end of 2021, GDP is 38.1 billion in the production of goods. \$ 23.9 billion in the field of services. gross value added in the amount of dollars was created, net taxes on products amounted to \$4.8 billion (Figure 1).

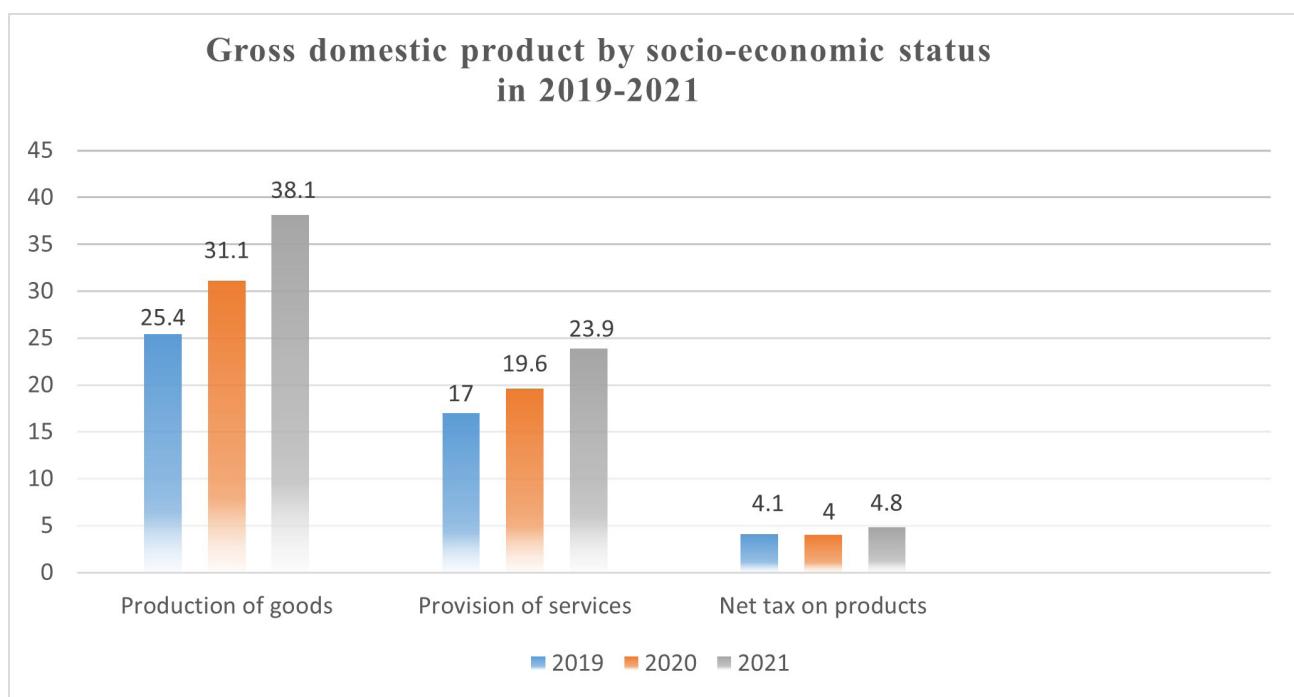


Figure 1: Gross domestic product by socio-economic status in 2019-2021

The transition to a digital economy is today one of the main priorities for the development of the country's agricultural sector, since the exact level of digitization demonstrates the competitiveness of the country in the new technological order. Therefore, in order to reach a new stage of economic development of Uzbekistan, social networks need their own scientific solutions and advanced development.

2 Source: Developed by the author on the basis of scientific research.



The formation of data centers and modern internet technology platforms designed for systematization and analytical processing of information is the basis of new economic technologies. In this case, it is important to develop a direction that provides services related to management consulting and business analysis.

The driving forces also include technologies that can provide a fast and reliable connection. Currently, the global trend is the introduction and development of 5G technology [9].

As a consequence of production, processing, research and other things, they extract a positive effect from the result of the exchange ratio – a benefit. In the digital economy, information and data act as objects of consumption [10].

The importance of the digital economy network–digital technologies dramatically change more than 60-80% of the sectors associated with the economy of the agricultural sector. This view is based on the fact that information technology and digital platforms dramatically change business models, eliminating intermediaries in optimizing their efficiency and processes.

CONCLUSIONS

In conclusion, the digital economy is a dynamically developing form of economic activity of the information society. It penetrates into all sectors of Agriculture and occupies a reliable place in the real sector of the economy. The digital economy is rapidly changing the usual forms and methods of economic life around the world.

There is uncertainty in the development of Agriculture. On the one hand, there are positive results: in a number of areas, the volume of production has increased, the number of enterprises with profitable activities is increasing. But on the other hand, negative processes that outweigh positive shifts remain and continue to develop, which makes it possible to assess the situation in an area that does not respond to economic development tasks in general as difficult.

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